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MCA DEGREE V SEMESTER EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2015

CAS 2504/2305 CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY

(Regular and Supplementary)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

PART A

(Answer *ALL* questions)

(15 × 2 = 30)

- I. (a) Anne gives a cheque for ₹100 to buy a book. Later she finds that the cheque was cashed for ₹1000. Determine the type of security attack and the security service that is violated in this case.
- (b) "For better security, the use of weak keys and semi weak keys should be avoided in DES algorithm". Do you agree with this statement? Justify your answer.
- (c) What is avalanche effect? How is a ciphertext generated in triple DES?
- II. (a) List the features of Blowfish algorithm.
- (b) What is the significance of session key and master key in a key distribution system?
- (c) How is decryption performed in AES algorithm?
- III. (a) Explain an algorithm used to factorize large numbers.
- (b) Explain how man-in-the-middle attack can happen in Diffie-Hellman key exchange method.
- (c) Explain the divisibility algorithm for primality testing.
- IV. (a) Give the general form of an elliptic curve. What do you mean by zero point of an elliptic curve?
- (b) Differentiate between message authentication code and hash value.
- (c) List the basic requirements for a digital signature.
- V. (a) What is a Kerberos realm? List the activities involved when a user wishes to access a file server in a different realm.
- (b) In PGP, compression is done before/after encryption and before/after generating the signature. Form the correct statement and justify your answer.
- (c) Distinguish between transport and tunnel mode of IPSec.

PART B

(5 × 4 = 20)

- VI. Determine the gcd(2740,1760).
- OR**
- VII. Explain DES algorithm, with the help of a neat sketch.
- VIII. Given, plaintext, P = 00 04 12 14 12 04 12 00 0C 00 13 11 08 23 19 19 and cipher key, K = 24 75 A2 B3 34 75 56 88 31 E2 12 00 13 AA 54 87. Show the value of state array after initial AddRound Key operation of AES algorithm.
- OR**
- IX. Explain RC5 algorithm.
- X. Given two prime numbers 23 and 37, public key 5 and private key 317, using RSA determine the ciphertext if the plaintext is 24.
- OR**
- XI. Explain Miller-Rabin primality testing, with the help of an example.
- XII. Write short note on Digital Signature Standard.
- OR**
- XIII. Explain how a hash value is generated using HMAC.
- XIV. Explain how PGP provides confidentiality and authentication for messages.
- OR**
- XV. Write short note on SSL protocols.