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## MCA DEGREE I SEMESTER EXAMINATION NOVEMBER 2014

# CAS 2101 DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

(2014 Revision - Regular)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

# PART A (Answer ALL questions)

 $(15 \times 2 = 30)$ 

- I. (a) How to represent a sparse matrix. Give one example.
  - (b) What are features of a good hashing function?
  - (c) Give a sorting algorithm which take linear time complexity.
- II. (a) Explain insertion operation in a circular list.
  - (b) Explain the role of stack while implementing recursion with one example.
  - (c) How to perform deletion operation in a dequeue?
- III. (a) Draw a binomial heap B<sub>5</sub>.
  - (b) With an example show how to create tree if its postorder traversal and inorder traversal are given.
  - (c) Give properties of fibonacci heap.
- IV. (a) How to e represent a threaded binary tree?
  - (b) What are the properties of red-black tree?
  - (c) How to represent a graph-using list? Give one example.
- V. (a) Why don't we allow a minimum degree of Btree as 1?
  - (b) Draw a B+ Tree with level 3.
  - (c) Write an algorithm to find Indegree or outdegree of a graph.

### PART B

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

VI. Explain count sorting algorithm with an example.

#### OR

- VII. Explain fibonacci search algorithm with one example.
- VIII. Implement a stack using 2 queues.

#### OR

- IX. Perform insertion/deletion of dequeue.
- X. Show extract minimum operation in binomial heap with example.

#### OR

- XI. How to create fibonacci heap. Give an example.
- XII. Show deletion operation in binary search tree through an example.

# OR

- XIII. Show the red black tree that result after successively inserting the keys 41, 38, 31, 12, 19, 8, in to an initially empty red black tree.
- XIV. A directed graph (G = V, E) is singly connected if there is atmost one simple path from u to v, for all vertices u, v  $\varepsilon$  V. Give an efficient algorithm to determine whether or not a directed graph is singly connected or not.

#### OR

XV. Give an algorithm that determines whether or not a given undirected graph G = (V,E) contains a cycle.